ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS ALLOW US TO TRANSLATE WRITTEN INFORMATION OR VERBAL PHRASES WITH A VARIABLE OR UNKNOWN QUANTITY INTO MATHEMATICS. TAKE A LOOK AT THE SENTENCE BELOW.

Gerry is going to buy some shirts that cost $\$ 9.00$ each.

> WE KNOW HOW MUCH THE SHIRTS COST. THIS AMOUNT IS CALLED A CONSTANT BECAUSE IT CONSTANTLY STAYS THE SAME, BUT HOW MANY SHIRTS IS HE GOING TO BUY? THIS UNKNOWN AMOUNT IS CALLED A VARIABLE, BECAUSE IT CAN VARY OR CHANGE. IN ALGEBRA WE USE SYMBOLS OR LETTERS TO REPRESENT VARIABLES. WE CAN WRITE THIS SENTENCE AS A VERBAL EXPRESSION AND AN ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSION.

| Verbal expression $\longrightarrow 9$ times a number | 9 IS A CONSTANT AND IS THE AMOUNT EACH SHIRT <br> COST. THE "S" REPRESENTS THE NUMBER OF SHIRTS <br> HE BUYS. IT'S A VARIABLE BECAUSE IT CAN CHANGE. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Algebraic expression $\longrightarrow 9 s$ |  |

A verbal expression contains words to explain mathematics.
An algebraic expression contains one or more variables. It usually contains constants (numbers) and at least one operation.

## Below are a few examples of algebraic expressions.

$y-5$
$y$ is the variable and 5 is the constant.
5 less than a number
$4 z$
$4 z$ means $4 x z$.
the product of 4 and a number
$\frac{t}{8}$
$\frac{t}{8}$ means $t \div 8$
the quotient of a number and 8

## Write an algebraic expression for each verbal expression.

a. 5 less than 4 times a number

$$
4 b-5
$$

1. the sum of 9 and a number
2. a number more than 8
3. the quotient of 2 and a number
4. the difference of a number and 4
5. a number decreased by 11
6. twice the sum of a number and $6 \quad$ 10. a number divided by 5
7. the product of 8 and a number
8. one-half of a number

## Write a verbal expression for each algebraic expression.

b. $\quad 3(2+t) \quad 3$ times the sum of 2 and a number 16. $k-4$
12. $6 y$
13. $\frac{1}{2}(g+8)$
14. $5-k$
15. $h+13$
$\qquad$
2
20. $2 b+4$

